

## The Center for Countermeasures

The Center for Countermeasures (the Center) is a joint activity that directs, coordinates, supports, and conducts independent countermeasure/counter-countermeasure (CM/CCM) test and evaluation activities for U.S. and foreign weapon systems, subsystems, sensors, and related components in support of DOT&E, weapon system developers, and the joint warfighter. The Center's testing and analysis helps in confirming the operational effectiveness and operational suitability of major acquisition programs' CM/CCM subsystems, ideally, early on in their development cycle.

Specifically, the Center:

- Performs early CM assessments
- Determines performance and limitations of precision-guided weapon systems and subsystems against CMs
- Develops and evaluates CM/CCM techniques and devices
- Tests CMs in the operational environment
- Provides analysis and recommendations on CM/CCM effectiveness
- Supports warfighter experimentation

During FY08, 50 percent of the Center's activities were in support of DOT&E oversight programs. Additionally, the Center participated in Operational Test/Developmental Test (OT/DT), live fire, experimental, and exercise support related to the CM/CCM mission area. Significant testing and exercise support activities were Global War on Terror focused. The Center performed 24 activities this year. The following are representative of this year's activities:

### OPERATIONAL TEST/DEVELOPMENTAL TESTS

- **Air Force:** CV-22  
**Sponsor:** The Air Force Operational Test and Evaluation Center CV-22 Integrated Test Team  
**Purpose:** The Center supported OT-IIIC phase of the CV-22 IOT&E Directed Infrared Countermeasures flight test.  
**Benefit to the warfighter:** This assessment of the Infrared Countermeasures (IRCMs) determined the ability to protect the CV-22 tilt rotary aircraft against threat man-portable air defense system (MANPADS).
- **Navy:** Department of the Navy Large Aircraft Infrared Countermeasure (DoN LAIRCM)  
**Sponsor:** Navy Program Executive Officer, Tactical Aircraft Programs (PMA-272)  
**Purpose:** The Center supported the DoN LAIRCM program's DT, Quick Reaction Test, and live fire testing. The Center performed a series of five tests to assess effectiveness and suitability of the integration of a modified IRCM system on the Navy's CH-53D/E, CH-46E, and MV-22 platforms.

**Benefit to the warfighter:** The assessment of this threat detection and IRCM on Navy platforms leveraged the Air Force's previously developed IRCM systems.

- **Army:** U.S. Army IRCM and Threat Acquisition Test  
**Sponsor:** U.S. Army Office of the Project Manager for Close Combat Systems and Research, Development, and Engineering Command (RDECOM)/Armament Research Development and Engineering Center  
**Purpose:** The Center performed IRCM flare sequence testing to improve the IRCM effectiveness for the CH-47D, MH-60G, and AH-64D helicopters.  
**Benefit to the warfighter:** This allowed the Program Offices to identify and utilize preferred flare sequences and threat acquisition information as a part of their warfighting strategy.
- **Army:** Laser Detecting Set  
**Sponsor:** Program Executive Office Intelligence, Electronic Warfare, and Sensors, Aircraft Survivability Equipment  
**Purpose:** The information gathered during this program assisted in validation of a U.S. Army and Evaluation Command material release for a laser warning system currently installed on the Army's UH-60M and AH-64D helicopters.  
**Benefit to the warfighter:** The Army uses this laser detection system in support of Special Operation Aviation and it is considered vital to force protection.
- **Marine Corps:** Night Targeting System Upgrade (NTSU) and Target Sight System (TSS)  
**Sponsor:** Air Test and Evaluation Squadron NINE (VX-9)  
**Purpose:** The Center evaluated the performance of the NTSU and TSS systems in the target acquisition tasks of detection, recognition, and identification in both benign and CM environments.  
**Benefit to the warfighter:** This system assists the aircrew or pilot to detect, recognize, identify, and target threat systems at long ranges and under adverse weather conditions.

### LIVE FIRE TESTS

- **Navy:** Joint Standoff Weapon (JSOW) Unitary Block II  
**Sponsor:** Commander, Operational Test and Evaluation Force  
**Purpose:** The Center evaluated the capabilities and limitations of a precision-guided munition (JSOW-C) in a CM environment during both captive flights and a live fire event.

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**Benefit to the warfighter:** This assisted the Program Office in the identification of the capabilities and limitations of JSOW in a CM environment.

- **U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS):** Counter-MANPADS Program

**Sponsor:** DHS

**Purpose:** The Center conducted live fire tests on two commercial airliner IRCM protection systems to determine the IRCM's applicability to protect the commercial aviation fleet.

**Benefit to civilians and warfighters:** Leveraging of systems evaluated could benefit the military's large aircraft protection capabilities.

## EXPERIMENTAL

- **Army:** CatsEye - Laser Threat Warning Sensor

**Sponsor:** U.S. Army RDECOM Communications-Electronics Research Development and Engineering Center

**Purpose:** The Center provided performance and CM testing for the CatsEye sensor to determine operational system capabilities/limitations and recommend system improvements to U.S. Army RDECOM.

**Benefit to the warfighter:** The Army designed the program to detect, identify, and geo-locate this new technology for use on both military and commercial aircraft.

- **Navy:** Starlight III and Starbright

**Sponsor:** Naval Research Lab and the Naval Air Systems Command, Patuxent River, Maryland

**Purpose:** Starlight III and Starbright are initiatives to develop an effective active CM against laser beamrider missiles.

**Benefit to the warfighter:** These experiments assisted in future development of CMs.

## FOREIGN SYSTEMS

- **National Ground Intelligence Agency (NGIC):** Foreign False Target Generator (FFTG) III

**Sponsor:** NGIC

**Purpose:** The FFTG is a foreign CM system that generates false signatures to defeat U.S.- developed precision-guided weapon systems.

**Benefit to the warfighter:** Information gathered from this test will assist the warfighter in defeating this CM so the target of interest can be successfully engaged.

- **Air Force:** Stormer Widget

**Sponsor:** Air Force Research Laboratory

**Purpose:** Stormer Widget is an Electro-Optic Countermeasure Technology Demonstrator developed by the United Kingdom. The Center evaluated the capabilities and limitations of the Stormer Widget system under both static and dynamic conditions.

**Benefit to the warfighter:** Leveraging of this foreign evaluation and developmental technology will benefit other U.S. military programs.

## JFCOM AND EXERCISE SUPPORT

- The Center participated in two Carrier Air Wing exercises at Fallon Naval Air Station, Nevada; one Alaska Command Joint Red Flag Exercise at Eielson AFB, Alaska; and one Desert Talon exercise at the Marine Corps Air Station, Yuma, Arizona. Support to these exercises consisted of observing aircraft sensor/ASE systems and crew reactions in a simulated threat/CM environment.

**Benefit to the warfighter:** Presentation of CMs in an operational environment assists the warfighter in training, tactics, and procedures development for use in the Global War on Terror.